

PEUGEOT CITROËN SOUTH AFRICA (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED

Registration Number: 2001/023277/07

PAIA MANUAL

In terms of Section 51 of the Promotion of Access to Information Act No. 2 of 2000



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1. INTRODUCTION

Peugeot Citroën South Africa (Proprietary) Limited ("PCSA") is a company incorporated in terms of the Companies Act No. 71 of 2008, as amended, with registration number 2001/023277/07. We are a retailing Original Equipment Manufacturer ("OEM") in terms of the National Association of Automobile Manufacturers of South Africa ("NAAMSA").

2. COMPANY CONTACT DETAILS (SECTION 51(1)(a))

Contact Details: Leslie Ramsoomar (Managing Director & Information

Officer)

In the event of his unavailability, contact the duly appointed Deputy Information Officers (see contact

details below).

Physical Address: Building 14, Oxford Office Park

3 Bauhinia Street

Highveld Techno Park

Centurion

1691

Postal Address: P.O. Box 389

Kelvin 2054

Tel: 011 879 7461

Email: complianceza@stellantis.com

Contact Details: Craig Holz (Head of ICT & Deputy Information Officer)

Physical Address: Building 14, Oxford Office Park

3 Bauhinia Street Highveld Techno Park

Centurion

1691

Postal Address: P.O. Box 389

Kelvin 2054

Tel: 011 879 7400

Email: <u>complianceza@stellantis.com</u>

3. THE ACT

The Promotion of Access to Information Act No. 2 of 2000 ("PAIA") was enacted in accordance with Section 32 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa 1996, which provides that legislation must be enacted to give effect to the right of access to information held by the private sector or public bodies, if the record or Personal Information is required for the exercise or protection of any rights unless the Act expressly states that the records containing such information may or must not be released. The purpose of which is to promote transparency, accountability and effective governance of all public and private bodies.

This Promotion of Access to Information Manual ("PAIA Manual") provides an outline of the type of records and the Personal Information PCSA holds and explains how to submit requests for access to these records in terms of PAIA. In addition, it explains how to access and/or object to Personal Information held by PCSA, and/or request the correction and/or deletion of the Personal Information in terms of Sections 23 and 24 of the Protection of Personal Information Act No. 4 of 2013 ("POPIA").

This PAIA Manual is published on PCSA's websites <u>www.peugeot.co.za</u> <u>www.citroen.co.za</u> or alternatively, a copy can be requested from the Information Officer (see contact details above).

3.1 GUIDE ON HOW TO USE PAIA

Any person wishing to exercise a right contemplated in PAIA, can obtain a guide in any South African official language from the South African Human Rights Commission ("SAHRC"). The contact details of the SAHRC are as follows:

Physical Address: 29 Princess of Wales

Terrance Corner York and St Andrews Street

Parktown

Johannesburg

2193

Postal Address: PAIA Unit, Research and Documentation Department

Private Bag 2700

Houghton Johannesburg

2041

Tel: 011 484 8300

Fax 011 484 7146/7

Email: PAIA@sahrc.org.za

Website: www.sahrc.org.za

3.2 GUIDE ON HOW TO USE POPIA

Any person wishing to exercise a right contemplated in the POPIA or direct any queries may approach the Information Regulator South Africa. The contact details of the Information Regulator are as follows:

Physical Address: JD House

27 Stiemens Street

Braamfontein

Johannesburg

2001

Postal Address: P.O. Box 31533

Braamfontein

Johannesburg

2017

Complaints Email: complaints.IR@justice.gov.za

General Enquiries Email: inforeg@justice.gov.za

Website: www.justice.gov.za/inforeg/index.html

4. PROTECTION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION THAT IS PROCESSED BY PCSA

Chapter 3 of POPIA provides for the minimum Conditions for lawful processing of Personal Information by PCSA. These Conditions may not be derogated from unless specific exclusions apply as outlined in POPIA.

PCSA requires Personal Information relating to both individual and juristic persons in order to carry out its business and organisational functions. The manner in which this information is processed and the purpose for which it is processed is determined by PCSA. PCSA is accordingly the Responsible Party for the purpose of POPIA and shall ensure that the Personal Information of a Data Subject:

- is processed lawfully, fairly and transparently. This includes the provision of appropriate information to Data Subjects when their data is collected by PCSA, in the form of privacy or data collection notices. PCSA must also have a legal basis (for example, consent) to process Personal Information;
- 2. is processed only for the purposes for which it was collected;
- 3. will not be processed for a secondary purpose unless that processing is compatible with the original purpose;
- 4. is adequate, relevant and not excessive for the purposes for which it was collected;
- 5. is accurate and kept up to date;

- 6. will not be kept for longer than necessary;
- 7. is processed in accordance with integrity and confidentiality principles. This includes physical and organisational measures to ensure that Personal Information, in both physical and electronic form, are subject to an appropriate level of security when stored, used and communicated by PCSA, in order to protect against access and acquisition by unauthorised persons and accidental loss, destruction or damage;
- 8. is processed in accordance with the rights of Data Subjects, where applicable Data Subjects have the right to:
 - 8.1 be notified that their Personal Information is being collected by PCSA. The Data Subject also has the right to be notified in the event of a data breach;
 - 8.2 know whether PCSA holds Personal Information about them, and to access that information. Any request for information must be handled in accordance with the provisions of this PAIA Manual;
 - 8.3 request the correction or deletion of inaccurate, irrelevant, excessive, out of date, incomplete, misleading or unlawfully obtained Personal Information;
 - 8.4 object to PCSA's use of their Personal Information and request the deletion of such Personal Information (deletion would be subject to PCSA's record keeping requirements);
 - 8.5 object to the processing of Personal Information for purposes of direct marketing by means of unsolicited electronic communications; and
 - 8.6 complain to the Information Regulator regarding an alleged infringement of any of the rights protected under the POPIA Act and to institute civil proceedings regarding the alleged non-compliance with the protection of his, her or its Personal Information.

5. PURPOSE OF THE PROCESSING OF PERSONAL INFORMATION BY PCSA

As outlined above, Personal Information may only be processed for a specific purpose. The purposes for which PCSA processes or will process Personal Information are as follows:

PURPOSE OF THE PROCESSING	OF
PERSONAL INFORMATION	

- To provide services to the Customer in accordance with terms agreed to by the Customer.
- To undertake activities related to the provision of services and transactions, including:
 - 2.1 to fulfil foreign and domestic legal, regulatory and compliance requirements and comply with any applicable treaty or agreement with or between foreign and domestic governments applicable to PCSA;
 - 2.2 to verify the identity of Customer representatives who contact PCSA or may be contacted by PCSA;
 - 2.3 for risk assessment, information security management, statistical, trend analysis and planning purposes;
 - 2.4to monitor and record calls and electronic communications with the Customer for quality, training, investigation and fraud prevention purposes;
 - 2.5 for crime detection, prevention, investigation and prosecution;
 - 2.6 to enforce or defend PCSA's rights; and
 - 2.7 to manage PCSA's relationship with the Customer.
- The purposes related to any authorised disclosure made in terms of agreement, law or regulation;

TYPE OF PROCESSING

Collection, recording, organisation, structuring, storage, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, consultation, use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or combination, restriction, erasure or destruction.

4. Any additional purposes expressly authorised by the Customer; and
5. Any additional purposes as may be notified to the Customer or Data Subjects in any notice provided by PCSA.

6. CATEGORIES OF DATA SUBJECTS AND PERSONAL INFORMATION/SPECIAL PERSONAL INFORMATION RELATING THERETO:

As per Section 1 of POPIA, a Data Subject may either be a natural or a juristic person. The table below sets out the various categories of Data Subjects that PCSA processes Personal Information on and the types of Personal Information relating thereto.

Categories and Data Subjects of and Categories of Personal Information relating thereto	Data Subject	Personal Information Processed
Customer:		
 Corporate: Customer Profile information including, account, details, payment information, corporate structure, customer risk rating and other customer information including to the extent the categories of information relate to individuals or representative of customers (e.g., shareholders, directors, etc.) required for the abovementioned purposes. 	Natural PersonsJuristic Persons	Personal Data relating to a Data Subject received by or on behalf of the Company from the Customer, Customer affiliates and their respective representatives and related parties in the course of providing
 Individual: Name; Contact Details (Company Email Address, Company Telephone Number), Client Details (Home Facsimile Number, Home Postal Address, Home Telephone Number, Personal Cellular, Mobile or Wireless Number, Personal Email 		accounts and services to the Customer or in connection with a transaction or services. Customer Personal Data may include names, contact details, identification

Address); Regulatory Identifiers (e.g., Tax	and verification
Identification Number); Account	information, nationality
Information (Bank Account Currency	and residency
Code, Bank Account ID, Bank Account	information, taxpayer
Name, Bank Account Number, Bank	identification numbers,
Account Type, Bank Account Balance);	voiceprints, bank
Transaction Details and Branch Details;	account and
"know-your customer" data, Photographs;	transactional
Other Identification and Verification Data	information (where
as contained in Images of ID Card,	legally permissible), to
Passport and other ID Documents;	the extent that these
Images of Customer Signatures)	amount to personal
	data under POPIA.
Payment beneficiaries: Bank Account	
Number, Currency Code, Bank Account Id,	
Bank Account Type; beneficiary address,	
transaction details; payment narrative.	
Employees:	
Name; Employee ID number, Business	
Contact Details (Address / Telephone	
Number / Email Address)	

Cross-border flows of Personal Information:

Section 72 of POPIA provides that Personal Information may only be transferred out of the Republic of South Africa if the:

- 1. recipient country can offer such data an "adequate level" of protection. This means that its data privacy laws must be substantially similar to the Conditions for Lawful Processing as contained in POPIA; or
- 2. Data Subject consents to the transfer of their Personal Information; or
- 3. transfer is necessary for the performance of a contractual obligation between the Data Subject and the Responsible Party; or
- 4. transfer is necessary for the performance of a contractual obligation between the Responsible Party and a third party, in the interests of the Data Subject; or
- 5. transfer is for the benefit of the Data Subject, and it is not reasonably practicable to obtain the consent of the Data Subject, and if it were, the Data Subject, would in all likelihood provide such consent.

When making authorised disclosures or transfers of Personal Information in terms of section 72 of POPIA, Personal Data may be disclosed to recipients located in countries which do not offer a level of protection for those data as high as the level of protection as South Africa.

7. APPLICABLE LEGISLATION (SECTION 51(1)(c))

REFERENCE	ACT
Companies Act	No. 71 of 2008
Employment Equity Act	No. 55 of 1998
Labour Relations Act	No. 66 of 1995
Basic Conditions of Employment Act	No. 75 of 1997
Unemployment Insurance Act	No. 63 of 2001
Unemployment Insurance Contributions Act	No. 4 of 2002
Pension Funds Act	No. 24 of 1956
Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Health Diseases Act	No. 130 of 1993
Occupational Health and Safety Act	No. 85 of 1993
Skills Development Act	No. 97 of 1998
Skills Development Levies Act	No. 9 of 1999
Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act	No. 37 of 2002
Consumer Protection Act	No. 68 of 2008
National Credit Act	No. 34 of 2005
Income Tax Act	No. 80 of 1961
Value Added Tax Act	No. 89 of 1991
Copyright Act	No. 98 of 1978
Trade Marks Act	No. 194 of 1993
Secondhand Goods Act	No. 6 of 2009
Electronic Communications and Transactions Act	No. 25 of 2002
Insolvency Act	No. 24 of 1936
Short-Term Insurance Act	No. 53 of 1998
Promotion of Access to Information Act	No. 2 of 2000
Protection of Personal Information Act	No. 4 of 2013
Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act	No. 53 of 2003
Civil Proceedings Evidence Act	No. 25 of 1965
Competitions Act	No. 89 of 1998
Constitution of the Republic of South Africa Act	No. 108 of 1996
Customs and Excise Act	No. 91 of 1964
Finance Act	No. 2 of 2007

Regulation of Interception of Communication and	No. 70 of 2002
Communication Related Act	

8. PCSA RECORDS (SECTION 51(1)(d))

8.1 COMPANY RECORD CLASSIFICATION KEY

CLASSIFICATION NUMBER	CLASSIFICATION	ACCESS
1	Public Access Documents	May Be Disclosed
2	Request After Commencement of	May Not Be
	Criminal or Civil Proceedings (Section 7)	Disclosed
3	Subject to Copyright	May Be Disclosed
4	Health information that belongs to the	Limited
	requestor of that information (Section 61)	Disclosure
5	Unreasonable disclosure of personal	May Not Be
	information of natural person (Section 63(1))	Disclosed
6	Likely to harm commercial or financial	May Not Be
	interests of third party (Section 64(a)-(b))	Disclosed
7	Likely to harm PCSA or third party in	May Not Be
	contract or other negotiations (Section 64(c))	Disclosed
8	Would breach a duty in confidence owed	May Not Be
	to a third party (Section 65)	Disclosed
9	Likely to compromise the safety of	May Not Be
	individuals or protection of property (Section 66)	Disclosed
10	Legally Privileged Document (Section 67)	May Not Be
		Disclosed
11	Environmental testing/investigation which	May Not Be
	reveals public safety/environmental risks	Refused
	(Sections 64(2); 68(2))	
12	Commercial Information of Private Body	May Not Be
	(Section 68)	Disclosed
13	Likely to prejudice research and	May Not Be
	development information of PCSA or a	Disclosed
	third party (Section 69)	

14	Disclosure in Public Interest (Section 70)	May Not Be
		Refused

8.2 PCSA RECORDS AVAILABILITY

DEPARTMENT	RECORD DESCRIPTION	AVAILABILITY (REFER TO CLASSIFICATION NUMBER)
Communications/Public	Product Information	
Relations	Public Corporate Records	1
	Media Releases	
Human Resources	Staff Records	4; 5; 9
	Employment Contracts	4; 5
	Policies and Procedures	4
	Health & Safety	4; 5; 8
	Payroll Records	4; 5
Legal/Secretarial	General Contract Documentation	6; 12
	Trademarks	1
	Statutory Records	12
Marketing	Market Information	12; 13
	Customer Information	1
	Field Records	4; 12
	Performance Records	12
	Product Sales Records	1
	Marketing Strategies	12
	Customer Database	12
	Dealer Franchise Documents	6; 7; 12; 13
	Launch & Events Records	4; 5
Products/Logistics	Production Records	12
Production Engineering	Vehicle & Components	3; 12; 13
	Specifications	12; 13
	Engineering Records	
Quality	Quality Records	12
Financial	Audited Financial Records	12
	Asset Register	12
	Tax Records	4; 12

Supplier Records	4; 5
Management Accounts	12

9. THE REQUEST PROCEDURES

9.1 WHO MAY REQUEST INFORMATION

The PAIA Act provides that a requester is only entitled to access a record required for the exercise or protection of a right. Only requests for access to a record, where the requester has satisfied the Information Officer that the record is required to exercise or protect a right, will be considered. A requester may act in different capacities in making a request for a record. This will influence the amount to be charged when a request has been lodged.

Requesters may make a request as:

- A personal requester who requests a record about him/herself;
- An agent requester who requests a record on behalf of someone else with that person's consent and where it is required for the protection of that person's legal right;
- A third party requester who requests a record about someone else with that person's consent and where it is required for the protection of that person's legal right; and
- A public body who may request a record if:
 - It fulfils the requirements of procedural compliance;
 - The record is required for the exercise or protection of a right; and
 - No grounds for refusal exist.

9.2 FORM REQUEST (SECTION 51(1)(e))

- A. The requester must use the prescribed form available on https://www.justice.gov.za/forms/paia/J752 paia Form%20C.pdf to make the request for access to a record. This request must be made to the address set out in Clause 2 of this PAIA Manual.
- B. It is important to note that an application for access to information can be refused in the event that the application does not comply with the procedures required in terms of the PAIA Act.

- C. The requester must provide sufficient detail on the request form to enable the head of PCSA to identify the record and the requester. The requester should indicate which form of access is required. The requester should also indicate if any other manner is to be used to inform the requester and state the necessary particulars to be so informed.
- D. The requester must identify the right that is sought to be exercised or to be protected and provide an explanation of why the requested record is required for the exercise or protection of that right.
- E. If a request is made on behalf of another person, the requester must then submit proof of the capacity in which the requester is making the request to the satisfaction of the head of PCSA.
- F. Decisions made by the head of PCSA are final. A requester is, however, entitled to approach a court with the necessary jurisdiction, or the Information Regulator, if access is denied.
- G. If it is reasonably suspected that the requester has obtained access to PCSA records through the submission of materially false or misleading information, legal proceedings may be instituted against such requester.
- H. The requester must use the prescribed form available on https://www.justice.gov.za/inforeg/legal/20181214-gg42110-rg10897-gon1383-POPIregister.pdf to object to the processing of Personal Information, request for collection or deletion of Personal Information, or destruction or deletion of record of Personal Information.

9.3 PRESCRIBED FEE (SECTION 51(1)(f))

- A. A requester who seeks access to a record containing Personal Information about that requester is not required to pay the request fee. Every other requester, who is not a personal requester, must pay the required request fee.
- B. The head of PCSA will notify the requester (other than a personal requester) by notice, requiring the requester to pay the prescribed fee before further processing the request.
- C. The fee that the requester must pay to PCSA is R50. The requester may lodge an application to the court against the tender or payment of the request fee.

- D. After the head of PCSA has made a decision on the request, the requester will be notified in the required form.
- E. If the request is granted then a further access fee will be payable for the search reproduction, preparation and for any time that has exceeded the prescribed hours (currently six) to search and prepare the record for disclosure. One third of the fee will become payable as a deposit by the requester.
- F. Postage is payable when a copy of a record must be posted to a requester.

10. FEE STRUCTURE

NO	ITEM	AMOUNT
1	For every photocopy of an A4-size page or part	R1,10
	thereof	
2	For every printed copy of an A4-size page or	R0,75
	part thereof held on a computer or in electronic	
	or machine-readable form	
3	For a copy in a computer-readable form on –	
	(i) Stiffy disc	R7,50
	(ii) Compact disc	R70,00
	(iii) USB or any other external storage device	R70,00
4	(i) For a transcription of visual images, for an	R40,00
	A4-size page or part thereof	
	(ii) For a copy of visual images	R60,00
5	(i) For a transcription of an audio record, for an	R20,00
	A4-size page or part thereof	
	(ii) For a copy of an audio record	R30,00
6	The request fee payable by a requester, other	R50,00
	than a person requester	
7	To search for the record of disclosure	R30,00/Hour

11. NOTIFICATION

PCSA will within 30 (Thirty) days of receipt of the request decide whether to grant or decline the request, may be extended for a further period of not more than 30 (Thirty) days, if the request is for a large volume of information, or the request requires a

search for information held at another office of PCSA and the information cannot reasonably be obtained within the original 30 (Thirty) day period. PCSA will notify the requester in writing should an extension be sought.

If the request for access to a record is successful, the requester will be notified of the following:

- The amount of the access fee payable gaining access to the record;
- An indication of the form in which the access will be granted; and
- Notice that the requester may lodge an application with a court against the payment of the access fee and the procedure, including the period for lodging the application.
- If the request for access to a record is not successful the requester will be notified
 of the following:
 - Adequate reasons for the refusal, and
 - That the requester may lodge an application with a court against the refusal of the request and the procedure, including the period for lodging the application.

12. GROUNDS FOR REFUSAL OF ACCESS TO RECORDS

The 30 (Thirty) day period within which the Information Officer is required to reply to a request, as stipulated in the Act, shall commence only once a requester has compiled with all the requirements of the Act in requesting access to a record, to the satisfaction of the Information Officer.

Requests may be refused on the following grounds, as set out in the Act:

- Mandatory protection of privacy of a third party who is a natural person, including a deceased person, which would involve the unreasonable disclosure of Personal Information of that natural person;
- Mandatory protection of commercial information of a third party or PCSA, if the record contains:
 - Trade secrets of the third party or PCSA;
 - Financial, commercial, scientific or technical information which disclosure could likely cause harm to the financial or commercial interests of the third party or PCSA; and



- Information disclosed in confidence by a third party or PCSA if the disclosure of the record would result in a breach of a duty of confidence owed to that party in terms of an agreement;
- Mandatory protection of the safety of individuals, and the protection of property;
- Mandatory protection of records privileged from production in legal proceedings, unless the legal privilege has been waived; and
- Mandatory protection of research information of a third party and of PCSA.

13. APPEAL

If a requester is aggrieved by the refusal of the Information Officer to grant a request for a record, the requester may, within 30 (Thirty) days of notification of the Information Officer's decision, apply to court for appropriate relief.